

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA

AUGUSTA DIVISION

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------|
| AZALEA OUTDOOR, LLC, |) | |
| |) | |
| Plaintiff, |) | |
| |) | |
| v. |) | CV 123-049 |
| |) | |
| COLUMBIA COUNTY, GEORGIA, et al., |) | |
| |) | |
| Defendants. |) | |

ORDER

The Court **GRANTS** Defendants’ motion to stay discovery, (doc. no. 5), pending resolution of their motion to dismiss, (doc. no. 4). All parties agree the case should not proceed in this Court, (see doc. nos. 4, 12-13), with Plaintiff requesting remand, (doc. no. 12), and Defendants requesting dismissal, (doc. no. 4). A stay is appropriate until these issues are decided.

The “[C]ourt has broad inherent power to stay discovery until preliminary issues can be settled which may be dispositive of some important aspect of the case.” Feldman v. Flood, 176 F.R.D. 651, 652 (M.D. Fla. 1997). Before deciding to stay discovery, the Court should:

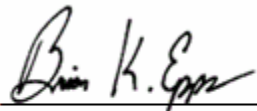
balance the harm produced by a delay in discovery against the possibility that the motion will be granted and entirely eliminate the need for such discovery. This involves weighing the likely costs and burdens of proceeding with discovery. It may be helpful to take a preliminary peek at the merits of the allegedly dispositive motion to see if on its face there appears to be an immediate and clear possibility that it will be granted.

Id. (internal citation and quotation omitted).

Based on a preliminary peek at the motions to dismiss and for remand, the Court finds an immediate and clear possibility of a ruling “which may be dispositive of some important aspect of the case.” When balancing the costs and burdens to the parties, the Court concludes discovery should be stayed pending resolution of these motions. See Chudasama v. Mazda Motor Corp., 123 F.3d 1353, 1367 (11th Cir. 1997) (“Facial challenges to the legal sufficiency of a claim or defense, such as a motion to dismiss based on failure to state a claim for relief, should, however, be resolved before discovery begins.” (footnote omitted)); see also Moore v. Potter, 141 F. App’x 803, 807-08 (11th Cir. 2005) (*per curiam*) (“[D]elaying a ruling on the motion to dismiss ‘encourages abusive discovery and, if the court ultimately dismisses the claim, imposes unnecessary costs [A]ny legally unsupported claim that would unduly enlarge the scope of discovery should be eliminated before the discovery stage, if possible.’”).

Thus, the Court **STAYS** all discovery in this action pending resolution of the motions to dismiss and for remand. Should any portion of the case remain after resolution of the motions, the parties shall confer and submit a Rule 26(f) Report, with proposed case deadlines, within seven days of the presiding District Judge’s ruling. In the event the presiding District Judge, in his ruling on the pending motions, provides further instructions to the parties that justify continuation of the stay, the parties shall inform the undersigned to that effect in a status report to be filed within seven days of the presiding District Judge’s ruling.

SO ORDERED this 30th day of May, 2023, at Augusta, Georgia.


 BRIAN K. EPPS
 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA